# Western Carolinian.

Printed and published, once a week, by PHILO WHITE, Publisher of the Laws of Congress.] SALISBURY, ROWAN COUNTY, N. C.....TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1830. [VOL. X.....NO. 515.

TERMS.....At the request of many of our patrons, and in consideration of the pressure of the times, cheapness of provisions, &c. the terms of the Western Carolinian have been altered, and will hereafter be as follows:

Two dollars and a half per annum; or two dollars only, if paid in advance. No paper will be discontinued, except at the discretion of the Editor, until all dues are paid up. Advertisements will be inserted at 50 cents the square for the first week, and 25 cents each week they are continued thereafter. Postage must be paid on all letters addressed to the Editor, or they may not be attended to.



## Spring Fashions!

THE subscriber has just received, from Philadelphia and New-York the *Latest Fashions*; and is prepared to make all kinds of Clothing in the newest and most fashionable style. Having in his employ, five or six first rate workmen, he is able to furnish a suit of clothes on very short notice, made up in the most superior style, and warranted to fit well.

Being the Agent of Ward's and Saguezs' Patent-right systems of Cutting out Garments, the subscriber is authorized to sell rights for these superior systems of Cutting; and will also teach the system to any person wishing instruction. Ladies wishing to learn Ward's system of Cutting, will be taught very low.

All kinds of Cutting out of Garments, will be done very low.

All orders for work from a distance, will be punctually attended to.

BENJAMIN FRALEY.

*Salisbury, N. C.* 1830. 14

## Journeymen Tailors.

WANTED, two or three Journeymen Tailors. Good workmen will meet with constant employment, and liberal wages.

BENJAMIN FRALEY.

*Salisbury, Rowan co'y. N. C.* 1830. 14


## BY AUTHORITY.

## Laws of the United States:

*Passed at the First Session of the 21st Congress.*

NUMBER 18.

An Act, making appropriations to carry into effect certain Indian tribes.

*BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.* That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury, viz.

For payment, for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty, of the permanent annuity provided for by the second article of the treaty concluded at Prairie du Chien, the twenty-ninth July, one thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, with the Chippewa, Ottawa, and Pottawatomie Indians, sixteen thousand dollars; for the purchase of goods, stipulated to be delivered to the said Indians, twelve thousand dollars; for the purchase of fifty barrels of salt, for one thousand eight hundred and thirty, stipulated by the said article, one hundred and seventy-five dollars; for transportation of the said annuity and salt, and expense of provisions at the delivery of the same, one thousand dollars; for the payment of claims provided for by the fifth article of the said treaty, eleven thousand six hundred and one dollars; for the expense of surveying the boundaries of the cession made by the said treaty, two thousand dollars; for the payment, for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty, of the limited annuity provided by the second article of the treaty made at Prairie du Chien, the second August, one thousand eight hundred and twenty nine, with the Winnebago Indians, eighteen thousand dollars; for purchasing goods to be delivered at the treaty as stipulated by the said second article, thirty thousand dollars; for purchasing three thousand pounds of tobacco, per same article, for one thousand eight hundred and thirty, three thousand dollars; for transportation of the same, sixty dollars; for purchasing fifty barrels of salt, per said second article, one hundred and twenty five dollars; for transportation of the same, one hundred dollars; for support of three blacksmith's shops, including pay of smiths, and assistants, also, tools, iron, steel, &c. for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty, as per third article of said treaty, three thousand dollars; for the purchase of two yoke of oxen and a cart, and for the services of a man at the portage of Wisconsin and Fox rivers, for one thousand eight hundred and thirty, as per same article, five hundred and thirty five dollars; for the payment of sundry claims against the Winnebagoes, as provided for by the fourth article of said treaty, twenty-three thousand five hundred and thirty two dollars; for expense of surveying the boundaries of the territory ceded by the said treaty, one thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

A. STEVENSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
J. C. CALHOUN,
Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.
Approved, March 25, 1830.
ANDREW JACKSON.

NUMBER 19.

An Act, to provide for taking the fifth Census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States.

SEC. 1. *BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.* That the Marshals of the several Districts of the United States, and of the District of Columbia, and of the Territories of Michigan, Arkansas, and of Florida, respectively, shall be, and are hereby, required, under the direction of the Secretary of the Department of State, and according to such instructions as he shall give, pursuant to this act, to cause the number of the inhabitants within their respective Districts and Territories, (omitting in such enumeration, Indians not taxed,) to be taken, according to the directions of this act. The said enumeration shall distinguish the sexes of all free white persons, and ages of the free white males and females, respectively, under five years of age; those of five and under ten years of age; those of ten years and under fifteen; those of fifteen and under twenty; those of twenty and under thirty; those of thirty and under forty; those of forty and under fifty; those of fifty and under sixty; those of sixty and under seventy; those of seventy and under eighty; those of eighty and under ninety; those of ninety and under one hundred; those of one hundred and upwards; and shall further distinguish the number of those free white persons included in such enumeration, who are deaf and dumb, under the age of fourteen years; and those of the age of fourteen years and under twenty-five, and of the age of twenty-five years, and upwards; and shall further distinguish the number of those free white persons included in such enumeration, who are blind. The said enumeration shall distinguish the sexes of all free colored persons, and of all other colored persons bound to service for life, or for a term of years, and the ages of such free and other colored persons respectively, of each sex, under ten years of age; those of ten and under twenty four; those of twenty-four and under thirty-six; those of thirty-six and under fifty-five; those of fifty-five and under one hundred; and those of one hundred and upwards; and shall further distinguish the number of those free colored and other colored persons, including in the foregoing, who are deaf and dumb, without regard to age, and those who are blind. For effecting which, the Marshals aforesaid shall have power, and are hereby required, to appoint one or more assistants in each city and county in their respective districts and territories, residents of such city or county for which they shall be appointed, and shall assign to each of the said assistants a certain division of territory, which division shall not consist, in any case, of more than one county, but may include one or more towns, townships, wards, hundreds, precincts, or parishes, and shall be plainly and distinctly bounded; the said enumeration shall be made by an actual inquiry by such Marshals or assistants, at every dwelling-house, or by personal inquiry of the head of every family. The marshals and their assistants shall, respectively, before entering on the performance of their duty under this act, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation, before some Judge or Justice of the Peace, resident within their respective districts or territories, for the faithful performance of their duties. The oath or affirmation of the Marshal shall be as follows: "I, A. B., Marshal of the District (or Territory) of——do solemnly swear, (or affirm) that I will truly and faithfully cause to be made, a full and perfect enumeration and description of all persons resident within my District, (or Territory) and return the same to the Secretary of State, agreeably to the directions of an act of Congress, entitled 'An act to provide for taking the fifth Census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States,' according to the best of my ability." The oath or affirmation of an assistant shall be as follows: "I, A. B., appointed an assistant to the Marshal of the District, (or Territory of——do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will make a just, faithful, and perfect enumeration and description of all persons, resident within the division assigned to me for that purpose, by the Marshal of the District, (or Territory) of——and make due return thereof to the said Marshal, agreeably to the directions of an act of Congress, entitled 'An act to provide for taking the fifth Census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States,' according to the best of my ability, and that I will take the said enumeration and description, by actual inquiry at every dwelling house within said division, or personal inquiry of the head of every family, and not otherwise." The enumeration shall commence on the first day in June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty, and shall be completed and enclosed within six calender months thereafter: the several assistants shall, within the said six months, and on or before the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, deliver to the Marshals, by whom they shall be appointed respectively, two copies of the accurate returns of all persons, except Indians not taxed, to be enumerated, as aforesaid, within their respective divisions; which returns shall be made in a schedule, the form of which is annexed to this act, and which shall distinguish, in each county, city, town, township, ward, precinct, hundred, district, or parish, according to the civil divisions of the States or Territories, respectively, the several families, by the name of their master, mistress, steward, overseer, or other principal persons therein.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That every assistant failing or neglecting to make a proper return, or making a false return of the enumeration, to the Marshal, within the time limited by this act, shall forfeit the sum of two hundred dollars, recoverable in the manner pointed out in the next section of this act.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the Marshals shall file one copy of each of the several returns aforesaid, and, also, an attested copy of the aggregate amount hereinafter directed, to be transferred by them respectively, to the Secretary of State, with the clerks of their respective District or Superior Courts, as the case may be, who are hereby directed to receive, and carefully to preserve, the same; and the first day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one, transmit to the Secretary of State, one copy of the several returns received from each assistant, and, also, the aggregate amount of each description of persons within their respective Districts or Territories; and every Marshal failing to file any of them, with the clerks of the respective Courts, as aforesaid, or failing to return one copy of the several returns received from each assistant, and, also, the aggregate amount of each description of persons, in their respective Districts or Territories, as required by this act, and as the same shall appear from said returns, to the Secretary of State, within the time limited by this act, shall, for every such offence, forfeit the sum of one thousand dollars; which forfeiture shall be recoverable in the Courts of the Districts or Territories where the said offences shall be committed, or within the Circuit Courts held within the same, by action of debt, information, or indictment; the one half thereof to the use of the United States, and the other half to the informer; but, where the prosecution shall be first instituted on behalf of the United States, the whole shall accrue to their use, and, for the more effectual discovery of such offences, the Judges of the several District Courts, in the several Districts, and of the Supreme Courts, in the Territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next session, to be held after the expiration of the time allowed for making the returns of the enumeration, hereby directed, to the Secretary of State, shall give this act in charge to the grand juries, in their respective Courts, and shall cause the returns of the several assistants, and the said attested copy of the aggregate amount, to be laid before them for their inspection. And the respective clerks of the said Courts shall, within thirty days after the said original returns shall have been laid before the Grand Juries aforesaid, transmit and deliver all such original returns, so filed, to the Department of State.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That every assistant shall receive at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents for every hundred persons by him returned, where such persons reside in the country; and, where such persons reside in a city or town, containing more than three thousand persons, such assistant shall receive at the same rate for three thousand, and at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents for every three hundred persons over three thousand, residing in such city or town; but where, from the dispersed situation of the inhabitants, in some divisions, 1 dollar and twenty five cents will not be sufficient for one hundred persons, the Marshals, with the approbation of the Judges of their respective districts or territories, may make such further allowance to the assistants, in such divisions, as shall be deemed an adequate compensation: *Provided*, The same does not exceed one dollar and seventy-five cents for every fifty persons by them returned: *Provided, further*, That, before any assistant, as aforesaid, shall, in any case, be entitled to receive said compensation, he shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, before some Judge or Justice of the Peace, authorized to administer the same, to wit: "I, A. B., do solemnly swear, or affirm) that the number of persons set forth in the return made by me, agreeably to the provisions of the act, entitled 'An act to provide for taking the fifth Census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States,' have been ascertained by an actual inquiry of the head of every family, in exact conformity with the provisions of said act, and that I have in every respect, fulfilled the duties required of me by said act, to the best of my abilities; and that the return aforesaid is correct and true, according to the best of my knowledge and belief." The compensation of the several Marshals shall be as follows:

The Marshal of the District of Maine, three hundred dollars: the Marshal of the District of New Hampshire, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Massachusetts, three hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of Rhode Island, two hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Vermont, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Connecticut, two hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the Southern District of New York, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the Northern District of New York, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of New Jersey, two hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the Western District of Pennsylvania, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Delaware, one hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of Maryland, three hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the Eastern District of Virginia, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the Western District of Virginia, three hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Kentucky, three hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of North Carolina, three hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of South Carolina, three hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of Georgia, three hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of East Tennessee, two hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of West Tennessee, two hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Ohio, four hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Indiana, two hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of Illinois, two hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Mississippi, two hundred dollars; the Marshals of the Districts of Louisiana, one hundred and twenty five dollars each; the Marshal of the District of Alabama, two hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the District of Missouri, two hundred dollars; the Marshal of the District of Columbia, one hundred dollars; the Marshal of the Michigan Territory, one hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshal of the Arkansas Territory, one hundred and fifty dollars; the Marshals of the Territory of Florida, respectively, one hundred dollars.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That every person whose usual place of abode shall be in any family, on the said first day in June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, shall be returned as of such family; and the name of every person who shall be an inhabitant of any District or Territory, without a settled place of residence, shall be inserted in the column of the schedule which is allotted for the heads of families, in the division where he or she shall be, on the said first day in June; and every person occasionally absent at the time of enumeration, as belonging to the place in which he or she usually resides in the United States.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That each and every free person, more than sixteen years of age, whether heads of families or not, belonging to any family within any division, district or Territory, made or established within the United States, shall be, and hereby is obliged to render to the assistant of the division, if required, a true account, to the best of his or her knowledge, of every person belonging to such family, respectively, according to the several descriptions aforesaid, on pain of forfeiting twenty dollars, to be sued for and recovered, in any action of debt, by such assistant; the one half to his own use, and the other half to the use of the United States.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That each and every assistant, previous to making his return to the Marshal, shall cause a correct copy, signed by himself, of the schedule containing the number of inhabitants within his division, to be set up at two of the most public places within the same, there to remain for the inspection of all concerned; for each of which copies, the said assistant shall be entitled to receive five dollars: *Provided*, Proof of the schedule having been set up, shall be transmitted to the Marshal, with the return of the number of persons; and, in case any assistant shall fail to make such proof to the Marshal, with the return of the number of persons, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit the compensation allowed him by this act.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of State shall be, and hereby is, authorized and required to transmit to the Marshals of the several Districts and Territories, regulations and instructions, pursuant to this act, for carrying the same into effect; and, also, the forms contained therein, of the schedule to be returned, and such other forms as may be necessary in carrying this act into execution, and proper interrogatories, to be administered by the several persons to be employed in taking the enumeration.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That those States comprising two Districts, and where a part of a County may be in each District, such County shall be considered as belonging to that District in which the Court house of said County may be situate.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That, in all cases where the superficial content of any County or parish, shall exceed twenty miles square, and the number of inhabitants in said parish or county shall not exceed three thousand, the Marshals or assistants shall be allowed, with the approbation of the Judges of the respective districts or territories, such further compensation as shall be deemed reasonable: *Provided*, The same does not exceed four dollars for every fifty persons by them returned; and when any such county or parish shall exceed forty miles square, and the number of inhabitants in the same shall not exceed three thousand, a like allowance shall be made, not to exceed six dollars for every fifty persons so returned.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That when the aforesaid enumeration shall be completed, and returned to the office of the Secretary of State, by the Marshals of the States and Territories, he shall direct the printers to Congress to print, for the use of Congress, three thousand copies of the aggregate returns received from the Marshals: *And provided*, That if any Marshal, in any District within the United States or Territories, shall, directly or indirectly, ask, demand or receive, or contract to receive, of any assistants to be appointed by him under this act, any fee, reward or compensation, for the appointment of such assistant to discharge the duties required of such assistant under this act, or shall retain from such assistant any portion of the compensation allowed to the assistant by this act, the said Marshal shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and shall forfeit and pay the amount of five hundred dollars, for each offence, to be recovered by suit or indictment in any Circuit or District Court in the United States, or the Territories thereof, one half to the use of the Government, and the other half to the informer; and all contracts which may be made in violation of this law shall be void, and all sums of money or property paid, may be recovered back by the party paying the same, in any court having jurisdiction of the same.

SEC. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be allowed and paid to the Marshals of the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, the amount of postage by them respectively paid on letters relating to their duties under this act.

SEC. 13. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to cause to be made a careful revision of the statements heretofore transmitted to Congress, of all former enumerations of the population of the United States and their Territories, and to cause an abstract of the aggregate amount of population in each State and Territory, to be printed by the printer to Congress, (designating the number of inhabitants of each description, by counties or parishes,) to the number of two thousand copies, which said copies shall be distributed as Congress shall hereafter direct, and for that purpose, the sum of two thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SCHEDULE of the whole number of persons within the division allotted to A. B. by the Marshal of the District (or Territory) of

FREE WHITE PERSONS, (including Heads of Families)

| | |
|---|---|
| Slaves and colored persons included in foregoing | Who are blind. |
| | Who are deaf and dumb of the age of twenty-five and upwards. |
| | Who are deaf and dumb of the age of fourteen and under twenty-five. |
| | Who are deaf and dumb under fourteen years of age. |
| | ALIENS.—Foreigners not naturalized. |
| | Who are blind. |
| | Who are deaf and dumb of twenty-five and upwards. |
| | Who are deaf and dumb of the age of fourteen and under twenty-five. |
| | Who are deaf and dumb under fourteen years of age. |
| TOTAL. | |
| COLORED PERSONS. MALES. | Of one hundred and upwards. |
| | Of fifty-five and under one hundred. |
| | Of thirty-six and under fifty-five. |
| | Of twenty-four and under thirty-six. |
| | Of ten and under twenty-four. |
| | Under ten years of age. |
| COLORED PERSONS. FEMALES. | Of one hundred and upwards. |
| | Of fifty-five and under one hundred. |
| | Of thirty-six and under fifty-five. |
| | Of twenty-four and under thirty-six. |
| | Of ten and under twenty-four. |
| | Under ten years of age. |
| SLAVES. MALES. | Of one hundred and upwards. |
| | Of fifty-five and under one hundred. |
| | Of thirty-six and under fifty-five. |
| | Of twenty-four and under thirty-six. |
| | Of ten and under twenty-four. |
| | Under ten years of age. |
| SLAVES. FEMALES. | Of one hundred and upwards. |
| | Of ninety and under one hundred. |
| | Of eighty and under ninety. |
| | Of seventy and under eighty. |
| | Of sixty and under seventy. |
| | Of fifty and under sixty. |
| | Of forty and under fifty. |
| | Of thirty and under forty. |
| | Of twenty and under thirty. |
| | Of fifteen and under twenty. |
| | Of ten and under fifteen. |
| | Of five and under ten. |
| | Under five years of age. |
| MALES. | Of one hundred and upwards. |
| | Of ninety and under one hundred. |
| | Of eighty and under ninety. |
| | Of seventy and under eighty. |
| | Of sixty and under seventy. |
| | Of fifty and under sixty. |
| | Of forty and under fifty. |
| | Of thirty and under forty. |
| | Of twenty and under thirty. |
| | Of fifteen and under twenty. |
| | Of ten and under fifteen. |
| | Of five and under ten. |
| | Under five years of age. |
| Names of Heads of Families. | |
| Names of County, City, Ward, Town, Township, Parish, Precinct, Hundred, or District. | |

A. STEVENSON,
Speaker of the House of Representives,
J. C. CALHOUN,
Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.
Approved, March 18, 1830.
ANDREW JACKSON.


*Head-Quarter, 63d Regiment,*
*Salisbury, March 25th, 1830.*

THE Officers and non-commissioned officers of the 63d (or 1st Rowan,) regt of Militia, will parade at the Court-House in Salisbury, on Friday, 30th April, at 10 o'clock, A. M. equipped as the law directs, for Drill; at which time and place, an election for Lieutenant Colonel will take place, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Lt. Col. Henry Giles.....the Drill having been postponed on account of inclement weather. By order of E. Yarbrough, Col. Comdt.

5t16 SAMUEL LEMLY, *Adj.*

## BLANKS

Of every description, neatly printed, and kept for sale at this Office.

FROM THE UNITED STATES TELEGRAPH.

## JACKSON IN PENNSYLVANIA.

*Extract of a letter to a Member of Congress, dated*

HARRISBURG, *April* 1, 1830.

Pennsylvania is sound to the core for General Jackson. He never had a stronger hold upon the affections of the people of this powerful State, than at the present moment. The Republican members of the Legislature met last night in full Convention, for the purpose of organizing the party, and expressing what they believed to be the sentiments of the State in relation to the course of the general administration. It is plain to every one, that nothing can tend more firmly to cement the bonds which unite the democratic family of the Union, than an early knowledge that the President will consent again to be a candidate; and the Convention, under these impressions, proceeded immediately to express its opinions and feelings on this subject.

John Brown, Esq. of the Senate, was President, and the Speakers, Messrs. Hawkins, of the Senate, and Smith, of the House, Vice Presidents.

The following preamble and resolutions were adopted unanimously:

Whereas, in the opinion of this meeting, the policy and measures of the present administration of the General Government, accord with the true interests of the country, and are such as the friends of the present venerable and distinguished individual, placed at the head of the Government by the free and voluntary suffrages of the people, anticipated and predicted, in the event of his success, and such as are not only approved by his former friends, but by many who opposed his election. And whereas, Pennsylvania was the first State in the Union to present the name of Andrew Jackson to the American people, as a candidate for the Presidency, it is right that she should be among the first to express her satisfaction of the prosperity and success of his administration:

*Therefore, be it resolved*, That, in the opinion of this meeting, the present administration of the General Government meets the cordial and decided approbation of the Democratic party, and of the people of Pennsylvania.

*Resolved*, That in the opinion of this meeting, the unanimity and harmony of the great Democratic party of the Union will be greatly promoted, by again placing the name of Andrew Jackson before the people, as a Candidate for re election.

"In addition to the above resolutions, adopted by the Convention, a letter has been addressed to General Jackson, by the members, expressing, in the strongest terms, their approbation of the "wise and judicious republican measures" of his administration. Thus you see, my dear Sir, that good old Pennsylvania has again boldly declared herself in favor of the People's Candidate, for the highest office in the world."

*Tea, Coffee, Salt, &c.*—The following is an extract of a letter, dated at Washington City, 28th March last, to a gentleman in Charleston—published in the Mercury of the 5th inst.

I believe yet that Congress will not adjourn without reducing the duties upon Coffee, Tea, and Salt. The situation of the Treasury, the small amount of the public debt, and the pressure upon the people, by reason of their diminished commerce, render it imperiously the duty of Congress to alleviate their condition by reducing their burthens. The people of Carolina and Georgia complain loud against the Tariff; but do they remember the grievances which are borne by Virginia and Maryland! The staples of the former are yet, in some degree, productive; but in the latter they are worthless. There is not a market in the world for Flour, and little or no demand for Tobacco in any foreign region. The people of Virginia barely obtained a subsistence, and could not do that, but for their animal stock. Those of Maryland are reduced to a state of pauperism; and but for the fisheries of the Chesapeake and its rivers, would be compelled to follow the example of the children of Israel, and seek an Egypt in the Western world, where fresh and fertile lands supply the wants of the people. You have no idea in the South to what a deplorable degree the State of Maryland has decayed. That land of luxury and hospitality is little better than a vast alms house. The most beautiful and gardenlike State in the Union is, by the operation of that ruinous and enslaving system, the Tariff, blighted and withered, and its wretched inhabitants covered with rags. So delusive, so imperceptible, so felonious are the hidden and concealed effects of this vampyre upon their economy, that they are wasting away like the human constitution under influence of consumption, or the dominion of a slow poison."

The late duel has caused an extraordinary sensation in Philadelphia. Notwithstanding that the matter is before a Grand Jury, some of the citizens are so excited about it that a town meeting has been called, for the purpose of employing counsel on the occasion.

## RETRENCHMENT.

As the opposition editors continue to reiterate the falsehood, about the *extravagance* of the present Administration, in contrast with the Adams, Clay, Webster and *Tom Chilton* dynasty, we publish the following from the United States Telegraph, of the 6th inst: which, we hope will settle the question:

WASHINGTON, *April 4th*, 1830.

*To the Editor of the United States Tel.*

SIR: In a publication which recently made its appearance in the National Intelligencer, a statement of the expenditures for the year 1828 and 1829 was made, founded in error, and calculated to mislead the public mind.

| | |
|---|---|
| The expenditures of 1828 were stated to be | $25,485,415 |
| The expenditures of 1829 stated to be | $26,164,395 |
| Making the expenditures of 1829 - - - - - - | $679,280 |

greater than the expenditures of 1828.

My situation, as a member of the committee, whose duty it has been made, by the order of the House of Representatives, to inquire into the amount of the public expenditures, as well as the objects upon which they have been made, enables me to furnish a correct statement of the same for both years.

| | |
|---|---|
| Those of 1828 amounted to | $25,485,313 90 |
| Those of 1829 to | $25,070,917 59 |
| Difference in favor of 1829 | $414 396 31 |

This statement is taken from public documents in my possession, exhibiting the amount expended in each year, ending on the first of January; of course all the expenditures made, between the 1st of March, 1829, under the administration of Mr. Adams, is included in the aggregate of 25,070,917, dols. 59. The expenditures of January and February, 1829, was 2,498,903 dols. 87.

If a comparison between the expenditures of the late and present administration be desirable, in order to test the economy of each, that comparison, to be fair and just, should be made between the first 12 months after the commenceing on the 1st March, 1829, and ending on 1st March, 1830. It is not correct to charge the 2,498,903 dols. 87, expended by the late administration, in January and February, 1829, to the present Administration.

From an official document now before me, it appears, that from the 1st of March, 1828, to the 1st of March, 1829, the last year of the late administration, the aggregate amount of the public expenditures was 26,513,788 dols. 13

Those from 1st March, 1829, to 1st March 1830, the first year of Gen. Jackson's administration, amounted to 24,520,780 dols. 04.

From this statement, taken from the books of the Treasury, it appears that the amount expended in the first year of Gen. Jackson's administration, is less, by 1,993,198 dols. 09, than the expenditures for the preceding year of Mr. Adams' administration. I state the facts, and leave the public to draw their own inferences

I am, respectfully, yours,

C. A. WICKLIFFE.

## THE ARMY.

Secretary Eaton in a late communication in reply to a resolution of the senate making enquiry into the cause of desertion in the Army, gives what we consider an excellent suggestion, and one which, we doubt not, the wisdom of congress will adopt and act upon. He proposes that promotion in the army should be extended to the ranks; and that, instead of giving all the graduates at West Point, commissions, and thus filling up the posts in the army, and excluding the soldiers, no matter what may be their deserts, in cases of extraordinary merit, the cadets should be arranged to the army or navy, as the judgment of the executive may determine, the other to retire to private life and there follow whatever pursuit their preference may direct. The fact that a common soldier in our army can not rise higher than a corporal or sergeant, and that these grades are to bound the extent of his ambition, is calculated to deaden all feelings of honorable ambition. Doubtless the suggestion of Secretary Eaton, if carried into effect, would infuse new life and vigor into the ranks, and excite the army to discipline and good conduct. As the secretary says:—"This course will present opportunities to the non commissioned officers of rising to any rank, however high. The common soldier will perceive the road to promotion open and accessible; new feelings will be inspired; ambition, honor and pride, will concentrate their influence to regenerate and raise the soldier's character; and with it, the evils of desertion may cease. Pride is every thing to a soldier! It is this, and this only, which can render him heroic amidst danger, and invincible in battle. *Alex. Gaz.*

*Customs.*—At the balls in Brazil both the cavaliers and their dark-eyed partners dance ungloved. To present a gloved hand to a lady would be taken as an insult, as inferring the existence on her part of some cutaneous disorder.

*Specie.*—The amount of specie coined every year at the mint of the United States, is fully equivalent to supply all the lower channels of circulation, in the event of a prohibition being put upon the issue of small bills. Last year by the Report of the Mint, we believe no fewer than *seven millions* of pieces of gold and silver coin, were issued. More than a half of this amount, was in the shape of silver coins—such as half dollars—quarters—ten cents, &c. In consequence of the prevailing system of small bills, the greater portion of this specie is forced out of the country by foreign exchanges, to pay for foreign importations Instead of paying for goods in our own produce, and with our own labour, we are obliged to send away that which is the only security of the poor against the frauds of rotten banks, and paper mills—in specie.

FRANCE.

*M. de Lavalette*, formerly Director-General of the Post Office, who was condemned to death in 1815, but was saved by the heroic conduct of his Lady, seconded by Sir Robert Wilson and others, died in Paris on the 15th Feb.

Gen. Barradas, Commander of the late expedition against Mexico, had gone to Paris and intended to proceed to Madrid.

Mr. Vidaurre, a Peruvian diplomatist, had arrived in Paris, to solicit the recognition of his government.

*Marriages of Convenience.*—It is mentioned, that on the 18th January, a woman died at St. Martin-sur Ecaillon, at the age of 104, whom, when she was upwards of 80, a young man married, in order to escape the conscription—counting, it is said, upon a much earlier release from the bonds of matrimony.

*Curious Alliteration.*—Adored and angelic Amelia, accept an artless amorist's affections; alleviate an anguished admirer's alarms; and answer an amorous applicant's avowed ardour. Ah! Amelia!—all appears an awful aspect! Appease an aching and affectionate adorer's alarms, and anon acknowledge affianced Albert's alliance as agreeable and acceptable.—Anxiously awaiting an affirmament answer, accept an ardent admirer's aching adieu.

*Strange Circumstance.*—It is stated that on the 10th ultimo, in Union county, Ky. a moderate shower of something that was as black as ink fell from a very black cloud. When it fell the ground was covered with snow, which soon presented the singular spectacle of *black snow*. After it dried, the corn stalks were covered with something like ashes and gunpowder. The rain was accompanied with a thick smoke, which smelled like the smoke of stone coal. After the shower (which lasted but a few minutes) was over it commenced snowing, part of which was likewise black. It has created some little alarm; some attribute it to a volcanic eruption.

*The Tortugas.*—In the Senate, on the 30th ult. a letter was received from Mr. Branch, Secretary of the Navy, accompanied by a report from Lieutenants *Tatnall* and *Gedney*, who were appointed to survey the Dry Tortugas, with a view to ascertain its fitness for a naval rendezvous The result of the survey is said, by the Secretary, to confirm the favorable anticipations formed from previous examinations; but it is yet to be determined whether a harbour can be selected capable of such perfect defence as would be requisite for a naval station of importance; and an appropriation is asked to enable the President to have the necessary scientific examination made under the superintendance of the proper department. It is the opinion of the surveying officers that a site may be selected entirely defensible. *Chas. Courier.*

*Haywood's Law Reports.*—Gentlemen of the bar in this state and North Carolina may feel interested in the fact, that the first volume of the late Judge Haywood's Reports, embracing the decisions of the Superior Courts of North Carolina from 1789 to 1798, has been recently reprinted by Messrs E. and J. B. Hill of Fayetteville in this state. This work, having been for some time out of print, and containing as it does some important legal precedents, will be a valuable acquisition, especially to the younger part of the profession, who have hitherto been unable to procure it. *Nashville Banner.*

*A Travelling Cow.*—It is stated in the New York papers that Capt. Crocker, of the Pacific, has crossed the Atlantic Ocean one hundred and fifty two times. Capt. Crocker informed a lady of our acquaintance, a year or two since, that he had a cow on board the Pacific which had crossed the Atlantic with him fifty times. *N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

Richard Douglas, a *black* man, has been convicted of bigamy at Providence. He is to *sit* on the gallows an hour, to be fined and imprisoned.

The Taunton (Mass.) Reporter announces that the Life of Gen. ALEXANDER HAMILTON, by a gentleman of that town, is in a state of some forwardness.

*Virginia Gold.*—The Fredericksburg Arena states that Mr. RIVAFINOLI, chief director of one of the large mining companies of London, attended by three other gentlemen in the employ of the same company, was lately in that town, for the purpose of making an examination of the Gold district, with a view of ascertaining its mining capabilities. They intend visiting North-Carolina also, and should the report which they will make, as to the indications of Gold in either State, be favorable, the company in London will proceed forthwith to invest a large capital in the erection of suitable buildings and machinery.

The Baltimore Republican of the 27th ult says.—"We observed yesterday in Pratt-street 16 wagons, drawn by 6 horses each, carrying timber from a North-Carolina vessel to the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, where a great number of persons are at work laying the Rails for the first 18 miles. A number of new carriages are in forwardness, to be ready for the road as soon as the double track is completed."

It is rumored, says the Boston Palladium, that *David Porter*, Esqr., the newly appointed Consul General to the Barbary Powers, will sail from that port for Algiers, in the sloop of war Concord, now fitting out at Portsmouth, N. H.

*Adj. Gen. Jones.*—We have seen the proceedings of the Court Martial which recently sat at Washington, for the trial of Colonel Roger Jones, of the U. S. Army. It is not deemed necessary to recount at length the various charges and specifications, of some of which he was found guilty, and of others not guilty. The sentence of the Court is, that he "be reprimanded in General Orders." In explanation the Court say:

"The Court, in awarding this sentence, sensible of its apparent inadequacy, when contrasted with the offences implied in their various findings; nor would it have been adopted by them, but for the conviction they entertain, that Col. Jones labored under a misconception of his official obligations, which, however little warranted by the regulations, the usages, and the interests of the service, has still, as they believe, chiefly tended to mislead him"

"The Major General commanding the army, confirms the sentence of the Court. Col. Jones is hereby released from arrest, and will resume his functions as Adjutant General." *Baltimore Amer.*

*The Cut direct.*—A committee of gentlemen called on Mr. Clay at New-Orleans recently, and with a deliberate irony addressed him as the champion of "Free Trade and Sailors Rights." A more cutting sarcasm was never inflicted—and seeing that Mr. Clay was a guest at New-Orleans, involves, in our opinion some violation of the rules of courteous hospitality. Why bring up the ghost of the West India Trade, and the repeated efforts of Mr. Clay, to prostrate "Free Trade" at the shrine of tape and calico! As for "sailor's rights"—we believe he never fought much for them. The most friendly relation we have ever been able to discover between Mr. Clay and free trade, was, when at Ghent, he very properly perferred the free navigation of the Mississippi to the privilege of drying codfish and alewives on the banks of Newfoundland. *Columbia Telescope.*

A Louisiana paper states that *five* of the candidates for the Gubernatorial chair of that State may be considered as off the field. The declension of as many as *five* candidates, leaves only *six* others to contend for the palm of victory. They are Messrs T. Butler, W. H. Overton, A. Beauvais, A. B. Roman, Isaac Thomas, and S. Hamilton. "The more the merrier." *Nashville Republican.*

The publication of the *Darien Phœnix*, ceased on the 1st inst. Its demise is announced in the following terms:

"Died, to day, after an existence of not quite fifteen months, the *Darien Phœnix*. Consumption, inherited from its ancestor, the *Darien Gazette*, may perhaps be assigned as one of the remote causes of its death, but the proximate agent was undoubtedly starvation, for with the appetite of the cormorant, it had scarcely pabulum enough to subsist a swallow. Yet neither hunger nor disease could subdue its spirit or damp its cheerfulness. To the last it forebore complaint, and gave up the ghost laughing at the pale messenger of destruction. By borrowing from Pope, an epitaph is appended:

How cursed or lauded once avails thee not—
By whom conducted or by whom begot:
A heap of pi, is all remains of thee—
'Tis all thou art, and all thou e'er will be.

The body of Sam Patch has been found in the river a few miles below Rochester. We have not heard whether the body of Mr. Thomas Chilton, the next greatest man in the world, after Sam, and who also made his last jump from the top of one of the enormous columns of the Intelligencer, has yet been found. *Camden Jour.*


# Salisbury:

APRIL 20, 1830.


☞ We are authorized to announce Edmund Pearson, Esq. as a candidate to represent Rowan county in the House of Commons at the next Legislature.

*Salisbury Tract Society.*—At the anniversary meeting of this Society, held in the Court-House on Monday evening, the 5th inst. the following Resolution was offered by the Rev. Mr. Hamilton, and supported in some appropriate remarks, and on being seconded by the Rev. Mr. Reed, was unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*, That this society will immediately enter on the plan, first commenced in the city of New-York, and subsequently in many other cities and towns, of distributing a Tract monthly to every family in Salisbury willing to receive one; and that the Board of Managers be authorized to devise measures for carrying this resolution into effect:

On motion of Rev. Mr. Reck, it was

*Resolved*, That it be made the duty of the Board of Directors, to procure some gentleman to deliver an address, suitable to the occasion, at the next anniversary meeting of the Society.

The following are the Officers of the Society for the ensuing year:

Thomas L. Cowan, President; George Vogler, Vice President; Philo White, Secretary; Michael Brown, Treasurer; Charles Fisher, Rev. Jesse Rankin, Rev. John Reck, John Murphy, Directors; Alexander Long, Sam'l. Lemly, Solicitors.

TO THE PEOPLE OF ROWAN.

Circumstances not necessary to be stated, have induced me to decline standing as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. In thus withdrawing from the contest, I take this opportunity of offering my most grateful acknowledgements to all those good citizens who encouraged my coming ont, or in any way favoured my pretensions; I feel, in all respects, as grateful to them for their good wishes as if I had held on and been elected. Very respectfully,

t13 JNO. A. MERONY.

☞ The *Lincolnton Bible Society* have resolved to have a meeting in the Presbyterian Church in Lincolnton, by candle light, on the night of the 22d of this month, it being the Thursday of Lincoln Court. The attendance of all the friends of the *good* and *glorious* cause is respectfully solicited. There will be a sermon on the occasion.

2t13 P. J. SPARROW, *President.*

*Superior Court.*—At the Fall Term of the Superior Court for Rowan county, held in this town week before last, his Honor John R. Donnell presiding,—*Polly Monroe* was tried on an indictment for the murder and concealment of her infant child: the jury acquitted her of the first, and found her guilty of the latter count. She was sentenced to an imprisonment of six months, in the county jail. Solicitor General Scott ably conducted the prosecution on behalf of the state; and the prisoner was eloquently defended by Messrs. Caldwell and Nash.

*Peter Cauble*, Jr. was also tried at this term, on an indictment for malfeasance in office, as a Constable; he was found guilty, and sentenced to one month's imprisonment, and to pay a fine of $200: the term of his imprisonment was subsequently reduced to five days.

*Thomas P. Devereux*, Esq. has been re-appointed, by the President and Senate, as United States District Attorney for this State. It is known that Mr. Devereux, in the late Presidential canvass, was opposed to the election of Gen. Jackson; and it is also known that efforts were used to supersede him in his office, at the expiration of his term: His re-appointment, therefore, under these circumstances, is additional evidence of the falsity of the charge against the President, of being "proscriptive" in his removals from, and appointments to office. We do not doubt, but what good and substantial reasons can be assigned for *every* removal which has taken place under the present Administration.

Canfield's American Argus, and Commercial Exchange Telegraph, has been revived, in New York, after a short suspension. We have heretofore spoken of it, as being the largest paper in the Union; and we should judge that it would be the most useful to Merchants, Bankers, and business men generally. It contains an extensive table of prices, at Baltimore, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston; a list of *all* the Banks in the U. States, with the value of the notes in the above named cities; a list of all the *broken* banks in the U. States; a list and description of all counterfeit notes, the price of foreign gold and silver coins; the rates of foreign and domestic exchange; commercial, political, literary and miscellaneous reading, &c. &c. Price, $6 per annum. P. Canfield, Editor.

17,500 bales Cotton have been received at, and shipped from Cheraw, the present season.

*Mrs. Wiley's Female Seminary.*—The Examination of the pupils in this institution, took place on Thursday evening last, at the Theatre. Being indisposed at the time, we were denied the pleasure of attending; but we learn from those who were present, that the exercises were of a very interesting character,—giving assurance of the high accomplishments of the Instructress, and evidencing unusual proficiency on the part of the pupils. It is a source of very general regret to our citizens, that they are to be deprived of the society and services of this accomplished Lady: the good wishes of the community will accompany her.

Emanuel J. West, Esq. lately appointed United States Charge de Affaires to Peru, was landed at Rio Janeire, (Brazil) on the 1st Feb. in bad health; and died on the 12th.

In Pendleton District, S. C. William Browning was, on the 8th ult. shot through the heart by John Campbell, and instantly killed: the murderer was not taken at last accounts.

Near Jackson, Tennessee, on the 18th ult. William Birdsong, jr. was shot dead by James M. Dyson, at Dyson's own house. Dyson was bailed, till the next circuit court.

In *Illinois*, it appears that Gov. Ninian Edwards is not a candidate for re-election; and a warm contest is waging between the partizans of Judge John Reynolds, and the Reverend William Kinney, for the Gubernatorial chair. All offices in that state, except judgeships, are, we believe, elective by the people.

*Strawberries* and *Green Peas* were sold in Tallahassee, Florida, the last week in March: so says the Floridian.

The same paper informs us that the Bank of Florida went into operation on the 24th ult. The Bills are at par with United States notes.

William Dregurs was lately murdered in Marlborough District, S. C. At last accounts, the perpetrator had not been arrested.

The Bridge across the Pee Dee, at Cheraw, has been completely rebuilt, by Mr. Holcomb, in such a substantial manner as to be able to resist any flood or storm.

Francis Newby, aged 75 years, a soldier of the Revolution, who had escaped unharmed, amidst showers of bullets, through that arduous struggle, was killed in Perquimans county, on the 23d ult. by a kick from his own horse.

*New York, April* 8.—The sales of *cotton* for the past week, amount to about 3000 bales; Uplands, 8¾ to 11; prices have been steady, and the demand good; the export during the month of March, amounted to 10,385 bales. In *Flour*, the transactions have been rather limited; best Southern, $4.87. North Carolina Bank Bills, 2½ to 3; South Carolina 1½ to 2; Georgia, 2 to 2½ —Ralgh, 3 to 4; Ohio, 4 to 5; Kentucky, 6 to 7; Tennessee, SECRETAIN!

The adjournment of the New-York Legislature has been fixed, by resolution of both Houses, for *this day*, 20th April.

*The Philadelphia Duel.*—An intense excitement seems to have existed in Philadelphia, in relation to the Duel between Midshipman Hunter and Wm. Miller, Esq. which resulted in the death of the latter. Resolutions have been passed by both branches of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, approving the conduct of the President of the U. States, and Secretary of the Navy, in striking from the roll of the Navy those officers concerned in the Duel.

## THE CENSUS.

On our first page will be found the act of Congress for taking the Fifth Census of the people of the United States. The Raleigh Star, of the 7th inst. contains a list of the Assistant Marshals, appointed by Gen. Beverly Daniel, the Marshal of this State, for taking the enumeration in the several counties. From this list, we have extracted, below, those in the Western and Middle sections of the State:

*Ashe county*, James Calloway.
*Anson*, Adam Lockhart, James Marshall.
*Burke*, Samuel M'D. Tate, Sidney Erwin, and Nicholas Daniel.
*Buncombe*, Ezekiel H. M'Clure, John Clayton.
*Carteret*, Wm. P. Martin.
*Cabarrus*, Alphonso Alexander.
*Cumberland*, Duncan Buie.
*Chatham*, Ambrose K. Ramsay.
*Davidson*, James Wiseman.
*Granville*, Woodson Daniel, James Beasly.
*Guilford*, Wm. T. Shields.
*Haywood*, Ninian Edmonston.
*Iredell*, James L. Hill.
*Lincoln*, Beverly J. Thompson, and Peregrine Roberts.
*Mecklenburg*, Joseph M'Connaughey.
*Moore*, Malcom M'Neill.
*Mason*, Thomas Love.
*Montgomery*, James Allen, William H. Lilley.
*Orange*, Meredith Adams. Joseph Allison.
*Person*, Lewis Daniel.
*Richmond*, James L. Vaughn.
*Robeson*, Gilbert Sellers.
*Rockingham*, Mark Harding.
*Rowan*, Giles Pearson.
*Rutherford*, John Babers, Walter Daniel, John Dixon.
*Randolph*, Thomas Hancock, and John R. Whitted.
*Surry*, Ephraim Hough.
*Stokes*, John Hill.
*Wilkes*, Samuel F. Patterson.
*Wake*, Seth Jones.
*Warren*, Michael Collins.
*Wayne*, Wm. Cowan.
*Franklin*, Thomas T. Russell.
*Halifax*, George W. Gary.
*New-Hanover*, Wm. Usher, jr.
*Thompson*, David Underwood.

☞ We are "DARED" to publish what appeared in our paper more than three months Vide a preceding column, for what we are again dared to publish in the teeth of Tom [illegible] & Co.

[COMMUNICATED.]

*Presentment of the Grand Jury of Rowan.*

The Grand Jurors for the county of Rowan, at April term, 1830, of the Superior Court, believe that they are not travelling out of their duty, to *present* the practice which prevails among a certain grade of Lawyers, while pleading at the bar, of abusing the characters of witnesses, and parties to suits, in no wise called for or justified by the circumstances of the case.

We look upon it as a great evil in our courts of justice, and one that ought to be put a stop to, by the authority of the court and the moral sense of the community. The character or good name of a plain country farmer, however poor he may be, is as dear to him, and his humble family, as that of the rich and the great, and ought to be as much respected. One of these plain common men, goes into court as a witness or a party to a suit, and happens to incur the displeasure of one of these sort of lawyers, and the lawyer avails himself of his licence to abuse and *bull-rag* him, without any regard to his feelings or defenceless situation. What can be done? He knows it will not do to inflict personal chastisement on the lawyer, for this would only lead him into greater difficulties; and to go to law with lawyers, would be a hopeless undertaking. He must then submit to be abused and insulted, and go home with excited and injured feelings. If, on the other hand, the abused man chooses to waive all consequences, and take personal revenge, the up-shot is, that the laws are violated, and the peace of Society disturbed. We therefore look on this practice as a great evil, and one that should be checked by the courts, and discouraged by the people.

The Jury feel that they would do injustice to the profession, were they to stop here. There are men at all bars, and not less at the bar of Rowan, who never descend to these practices; their talents and moral qualifications do not stand in need of such aids. Such men are an ornament to the profession; while the other class is any thing but an ornament.

| | |
|---|---|
| Jas. I. Long, *Foreman*, | John Felker, |
| Wm. Hawkins, | Adam Roseman, |
| Thos. H. Garner, | Evan Ellis, |
| Saml. A. Barkley, | Authur Morrow, |
| John B. Todd, | William Allen, |
| Benjamin Poston, | George Mock, |
| John Reid, Jr. | Henry Albright, |
| John Luckey, | Jilson Berryman, |
| Henry Miller, | Nicholas Shuping. |

HENRY GILES, *C. S. C.*

Among the appointments confirmed by the Senate, and contained in the U. States Telegraph of the 8th inst. is that of *John K. Campbell*, Esq. formerly of this state, as United States Attorney for the Southern district of Florida.

The elections in *Virginia* are partially heard from: the *new Constitution* seems to be accepted by the Eastern counties, almost unanimously: it is supposed the West will be a good deal divided on the question: there can be no doubt, however, but what an immense majority of the people of Virginia (those, we mean, who are allowed to vote on the subject) will accept the amended Constitution *John Randolph* said YEA, on the question.

*Death of Abram Brandon.*—Since we mentioned the death of this old man, we have seen Mr. WILLSON, the Coroner who held the inquest over the body; from whom we learn that our statement of the circumstances attending the melancholy casualty, was substantially correct. As we then stated, the old man and his horse (the latter being blind) fell into a deep gully by the side of the road, after night, about three miles beyond Mocksville; by which, the neck of the former was unfortunately broken; the horse escaped apparently uninjured. It was late in the forenoon of the next day before the corpse was discovered; when the Coroner had it taken to Mocksville, and, at the residence of THOMAS MCNEELY, Esq.—who, in the spirit of true Christian philanthropy, had tendered the use of not only his house, but of his servants, and other things needful on such an occasion,—was very decently laid out, and buried in the neighborhood.

A Washington correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, observes in regard to the appointment of Commodore *Porter* as Consul General at Algiers:

"A more popular appointment than that of the gallant Porter could not have been made. All here rejoice at the result. The Commodore arrived here on Saturday, and in the course of Monday, visited both Houses of Congress. He looks as well as ever, with the exception of a darker hue from the burning sun of Mexico; and it was really a grateful spectacle, to behold so many members stepping eagerly forward to shake hands with him."

Our quotations of cotton this week, are nearly nominal. Very little is coming in, and the stock on hand unusually small —probably less than 1000 bales.

*Camden Jour.*

Efforts are making in Europe to discountenance dueling. The elector of Hesse has issued a law by which duellists are to be disgraced, and imprisoned ten years.

BUFFALO AND N. ORLEANS ROAD, &c.

We intend, hereafter, to give extracts from the masterly speech of the Hon. Philip P. Barbour, member from Virginia, delivered in the House of Representatives, against the bill for constructing at the expense of the United States, a great National Road, from Buffalo in New-York, to New-Orleans; passing by Washington City, the Valley of Virginia, Tennessee, &c. And, also, from the speech of the Hon. Mr. *Carson*, of this state, on the same subject. In the mean time, we give the following extract of a letter, dated at Washington City, 29th ult. published in the Richmond Enquirer of the 6th instant.

"The great question of abolishing duties on the extinction of the public debt, is now taking deep root in the minds of members, and is mixing itself with all extraordinary appropriations. It is easy to see the line of separation between those for and those against the abolition, in debates upon these appropriations. The Buffalo and New Orleans Road Bill is one of these measures. If it passes, it will contribute to delay the extinguishment of the public debt, and of course to put off and postpone the question of abolishing duties; and in that point of view, it, and a great many other new and extraordinary appropriations, are pressed upon Congress. Mr. *P. P. Barbour* resisted the Buffalo Road Bill on this ground, among others:—He put it home to the New York Delegation to say, whether they would prefer to continue to pay their State's proportion of the present duties, which portion he estimated at four millions of dollars, for the honor and pleasure of begging back two or three hundred thousand of it for internal improvement; or by reducing the amount of duties one half, save two millions at home, and do what they pleased with it? He put the same question home to the delegations of several states; and I may safely be put to all, except the politicans who wish to keep surplus duties to raise a fund for *unequal* distribution among favorite states, whose votes, are wanted in a presidential election. Mr. CARSON, of N. C. followed Barbour, and was decisive on the question of paying the public debt and abolishing the duties. He also answered the argument of expediency, urged in favor of the road, with great force and effect. It was argued to be expedient to promote *commerce, military operations, mails, and bonds of Union*: he ridiculed the idea of hauling produce or merchandize along this road, while the great rivers of the West were flowing in their accustomed channels to New Orleans. He shewed that the military defence of New Orleans depended on the West; and the Mississippi river, not the Buffalo Road, would be the road of Western men to N. Orleans. The *Mail* would find it most *expedient* to take water at *Memphis*, in Tennessee, according to the recommendation of Mr. Barry. As for the bonds of Union, he was rather for tracing these upon the *heart*; he was for *justice* among the states; and for the love of union, which grows out of harmony and affect. Mr. *Carson's* Speech was a very excellent one, and does him great credit In a word, and to return to the first idea, the question of abolishing unnecessary duties is constantly gaining friends, and has only to be fully and properly displayed to the people, to become the rallying point, and signal of victory, to the friends of economy and of limited government—I may add, to the friends of the harmony of the Union; for in the success of that measure is contained the *quietus* of the Tariff question, which is now the greatest disturber of the harmony of the Union."

## FOLEIGN NEWS.

*LATE FROM EUROPE.*

By the ship Helen, at New-York from Liverpool, the New-York Courier and Enquirer has received Liverpool papers to the 25th, and London to the 23th Feb. The political intelligence by these papers possesses but little interest.

In the House of Commons, on the 22d February, Mr. R. Grant presented a petition from 957 persons of the Jewish persuasion, praying for the removal of the civil disabilities affecting them. These disabilities, it is said, affect 30,000 persons in the kingdom. After a debate of a very liberal and tolerant character, the petition was ordered to be printed.

The following semi official paragraph, respecting the future Governor of Greece, we find in the Liverpool Courier of February 24th:

As much contrariety of opinion as to the future destiny of Greece continues to prevail, we think it proper to state, as a fact within our own knowledge, that the arrangements on that subject are definitively completed and ratified. The supreme power is to be vested in the hands of Prince Leopold, with the title, we believe, of Sovereign Prince.

The American Minister had a long conference on 23d Feb. with Mr. Herries, the President of the Board of Trade, at his office in Whitehall. Mr. Herries afterwards visited the Duke of Wellington.

STILL LATER. ...By the ships Manchester and Salem, from Liverpool; and the Formosa, from Havre the Editors of the New-York Courier and Enquirer have received Liverpool papers to 5th, London to the 4th, Havre to the 3d, and Paris to the 2d March.

The French Parliament was opened by a speech from the King, on the 2d March.

The *Journal du Havre* remarks with some severity upon the Royal Speech, and calls it common place, of ministerial phraseology." It gathers from it, however, that Prince Leopold will reign over Greece with the consent of France, that Don Miguel will be acknowledged as the legitimate sovereign of Portugal, and that Algiers may be attacked, the royal word being now given. As to the claim of the United States for spoliations, it has not, observed that paper, been made the subject of a single paragraph, although the language of the President's message was sufficiently significant to make it the duty of the ministry to give it their attention.

The Messager des Chambers, upon the authority of its correspondent at Toulon, states, that it is there confidently reported, that the Dauphin, as Grand Admiral of France, will take the command of the forces, both by land and sea, on the projected expedition; and that Count Guilleminot will be his Major General of the Army, and the Baron de Mackan, Vice Admiral of the Fleet.

The London Herald states it as the general opinion, that if a call of the Houses were to take place on the question of the distress of the country and the necessity of going into some enquiry, the government would be left in the minority.

It will be seen on referring to our commercial head, that the Liverpool market was in a healthy condition, and a small advance in prices had been realized.

Admiral Sir E. Harvey, M. P. for the county Essex, died in February.

## MARRIED,

On the 8th inst. by the *Rev. J. Rock*, Mr. Henry Peeler to Miss Sophia Trexler, all of this county.

In this county, on Thursday, the 1st inst. by the Rev. James Stafford, William B. Wood, Esq. to Miss Margaret Knox.

In Cabarrus county, 1st inst, by Rev. Mr. Sherer, Mr. Alexander Holshouser to Miss Sally Miller. Also, by the same, on the 6th, Mr William Bost to Miss Elizabeth Lance.

## DIED,

At his residence in this county, (Back Creek Congregation) very suddenly, of an attack of the bilious colick, on Sunday evening, the 11th inst. JOHN ANDREWS, Esq. aged 58 years nine months. Mr. Andrews was among the best and most useful men in Rowan county: As a devout Christian, a highly intelligent and conscientious Magistrate, a public spirited and useful citizen, we may safely say he had no superior in the county: this sentiment is universal. His loss to the Church, [illegible] a ruling Elder and a bright ornament—to his neighbors, and the whole county, is indeed irreparable. [illegible] some correspondent will, ere long, favor us with an obituary, which will do justice to the character and virtues of this estimable man.

At his residence in this county, on Sunday night, the 11th inst. Mr. David Stewart, aged 62 years.

## THE MARKETS.

*Salisbury Prices, April 17*.....Cotton 1½ to 2 cents, corn 30 to 35, beef 2 to 3½, butter 8 to 10, flour 3.75 to 4 per barrel, wheat 30 to 65, Irish potatoes 40 to 50, sweet do. 30 to 35, brown sugar 10 to 12, coffee 13 to 17, salt 1.12½ to 1.20, homespun cloth 15 to 25, whiskey 20 to 23, bacon 8 to 10.

*Charleston, April 5*.....Cotton 9 to 10 cents, flour 5 a 5½, whiskey, 26 a 27, bacon 7 to 7½, hams 8½ a 9½, best kind of bagging 20 to 22, salt 40 to 50, corn 40 a 43, coffee 11 to 12½.....N. Carolina bank bills 1½ a 2 per cent. discount; Georgia, 1 ditto.

*Cheraw, April 7*.....Cotton 8½ to 9½, bagging 18 to 22, coffee 15 to 16, sugar 8 to 11, salt 75, corn 40 to 45, flour (from wagons) 4.50 to 5, Baltimore 6.50, peach brandy 40 to 50, apple do. 30 to 35, whiskey 28 to 30, molasses 35 to 40, flaxseed 50 to 60, oats 30, bacon 7 to 10, lard 8 to 10, mackerel 6 to 7.50.

*Baltimore, April 9*.....Flour $5½ a 6, cotton 8½ to 9½, whiskey 22½ to 23, bacon 8 to 9.

*Lynchburg, Virg. April 8*.—Tobacco 3 to 5 Flour 3.25 to 3.37, wheat 60 to 65, whiskey 22, Bacon 8.

*Columbia, S. C. April 8*.....Cotton 7 a 10; flour 5 to 6½, whiskey 32 to 37½, bacon 8 to 10, wheat 87½ to 100, corn 60 to 62½, salt 70 to 75.

*Camden, April 10*.....Cotton 8½ to 9½, flour 5 a 5½ out of the wagons, that from Camden mills 6 to 7; wheat 85 a 93, corn 55 to 56, oats 32, salt 75, whiskey 30 to 35, bacon 8 to 12½.


## No longer to be "put off."

THE Notes and accounts of A. Torrence, and A. Torrence & Co. are placed in the hands of C. L. Torrence, for collection; and I would advise those interested, to call on him *before ten days before* May Court. A. TORRENCE.

*April 17th*, 1830. 15

## Removal.

THOMAS DICKSON, *Tailor*,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers, and the public generally, that he has removed his SHOP, to the building formerly occupied by Lowry and Templeton, and more recently by Wade W. Hampton, as a Tailor's Shop; on Main street, the west side, a few doors from the Court-House, in the town of Salisbury; where he is prepared to execute all descriptions of

*TAILORING*,

after the neatest fashions, and on the shortest notice; and is prepared to make all kinds of Clothing in the first rate style, having in his employ six or seven first rate workmen, which enables him to do work on the shortest notice.

All kinds of *Cutting Out* of Garments will be done on very moderate terms.

All orders from a distance for work, will be most faithfully executed, according to directions, and within the shortest possible time.

P. S He has just received the latest fashions from Philadelphia and New-York; which will enable him to make fine Coats, &c. after the most approved style. 15

*Salisbury, April 15th*, 1830.

## DENTISTRY.

C. B. PELTON

HAS returned to Salisbury, and resumed the practice of his profession. Persons wishing his services, will please call at Mr. Allemong's.

*April 19th*, 1830. 3t17

## Notice.

THOSE persons who are in arrears with the Estate of Rob: Moore, dec'd. are requested to settle again this May Court, if they wish to save cost, as no longer indulgence will be given.

EBENEZER MOORE, *Exr.*

*April 13th*, 1830. 3t17

## Notice is hereby Given,

THAT the next annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church for the Diocese of North Carolina, will be held in St. James' Church, in the town of Wilmington, on the 30th day of May, 1830. E. L. WINSLOW, Sec'y.

*April 8*. 4t16

## Wilkesboro' Academy.

THE summer Session of this institution will commence on the first Thursday in May, under the superintendence of the Rev. A. W. Gay. Good boarding can be had in the village at $30, and in the country at from $20 to $25, per session of five months: tuition, $10 per session for Latin and Greek, and $7.50 for English studies.

Wilkesboro' is situated in a romantic valley between the Blue Ridge and Brushy mountains, and affords as pure air, good water and as much good health as perhaps any other village in the United States. To those who are desirous of placing their sons at an institution combining the requisites of competent Teachers, cheapness of Board and Tuition, and an almost absolute certainty of good health, this presents inducements which probably are not surpassed.

By order of the Board.

S. F. PATTERSON, Sec'y.

*Wilkesboro', N. C. 10th April*, 1830. 3t17


## LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post-Office in Statesville, N. C. on the 1st day of April, 1830.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allison A. Thos. | Murdock W. J. |
| Alley Shadrick | McHargue James |
| Alexander W. D. H. | McErvin William |
| Brumby N. Richard 2 | McKenzie Levi & Jas. |
| Barclay Mary | McLelland R. William |
| Bryson F. Robert 2 | Neill Gilbraith |
| Byars Washington | Nicholson James |
| Beall Walter | Pucket John |
| Crew James | Plott Margaret |
| Carrigan James | Price Stephen |
| Caldwell F. Abner | Quellion William Rev. |
| Caldwell Pinkney | Rutherford James |
| Campbell James | Reed Margaret |
| Cleary John | Reed Rufus |
| Duvall Thomas | Rice David |
| Duncan Alex. | Reese S. Orlando Rev. |
| Estep P. William | Stroud Richard |
| Ellis Burley | Shoemaker Faltes |
| Erving Nathaniel | Speck [illegible] |
| Glasco Lackeys Servt. | Scott William Esq. |
| Goggin Gordon | Sharpe Silas, con. |
| Hoover John | [illegible] Ann |
| Howard Alonzes | Woods James |
| Lowrance A. R. | Wilson W Thomas |
| Lemmon S. Dr. | Warren William. |

3t17 W. KERR, *P. M.*

## LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post-Office at Morganton, N. C. on the 1st day of April, 1830.

| | |
|---|---|
| Askew James | Loyd Thomas |
| Badger Griza 2 | Miller Hiram |
| Burns Nicholas | Mc'all John |
| Bush John | Martin John |
| Craig Thomas | Mull Henry |
| Dyson William R. | Neill Joseph |
| Daniel Leonard | Neill William H. |
| Dorsey Endimmond | Powell Jesse |
| Guier Philip | Pendley William |
| Goble John | Pricherd Mary |
| Hall Jesse | Perkins Levi |
| Hamilton William | Rider George |
| Harris Edmund | Stepp John |
| Hinds Jonathan | Thompson Ann |
| Johnson Dempsey | Tippe Jacob |
| Kelly James | Winters John |
| | Webb Thomas. |

3t17 R. C. PEARSON, *P. M.*


## Stray Mare.

STRAYED away from the subscriber, living near South Yadkin Bridge, Rowan county, on Saturday night, 6th March, a sorrel MARE, 7 or 8 years old, 14½ hands high, a small streak of white in her face, tolerably thin in flesh, and nearly blind: It is probable she may have followed some wagon off. Any person who will return her, or give information where she may be had, either to the subscriber or to the Editor of the Western Carolinian, shall be satisfied for their trouble.

FREDERICK FORD.

*April 6th*, 1830. 3t17

## Runaway,

ON the night of the 25th ult. a Negro fellow belonging to the estate of the late Wm. Daniel, deceased, named *Gilbert*, something more than thirty years old, stout built, and quite black, about five feet, ten inches high. Said slave is a Carpenter by trade, can read and write a little, and pretends to be religious. He is a plausible scoundrel, and may possibly have forged a pass. Whoever will return him to me or lodge him in any jail so that I can get him again, shall be reasonably rewarded. It is very probable that he may be endeavoring to get into Virginia, where he was raised. JOHN J. COOK.

*Camden, S. C. April 3*, 2t16

## Taken up and Committed

TO the Jail of Burke county, N. C. on the 8th inst. a negro boy, who calls himself *David*, about 35 years old, says he belongs to Wm. Boylan, of Raleigh, in this State; he says he is a carpenter by trade, and was on his way to Alabama, to see his wife, who was taken from Halifax, about six or seven weeks since, by her master, Capt. Thos. Turner. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

JOHN McGUIRE, *Jailor.*

*Morganton, N. C. 10th April*, 1830. 3t17

## Teachers Wanted.

MRS. WILLEY being under the necessity of leaving Salisbury, by the 1st of May, the citizens of this place are desirous of engaging some Lady to take charge of the Female Seminary here. Or it would be preferable, if a Gentleman and his Lady could be engaged, to take charge of a Male and Female School. The Female School numbers, at this time, 40 pupils; and a Male School of about that number, could doubtless be readily obtained, were a competent Instructor to undertake it.

It would be requisite that the Lady who would undertake the charge of the Female School, should be competent to give instruction in *every department* of a useful and polite Education; and that the Gentleman (should a Lady and her husband undertake) should be qualified to teach all branches of an English and Classical education, preparatory to entering College.

*Salisbury* is pleasantly located in the Western, and most desirable, part of North Carolina; with a salubrious climate, and a highly cultivated surrounding country; provisions are abundant and cheap, enabling a family to live as cheap as any where in the state.

Application for further information, to be made, in writing, or otherwise, to Dr. *S. L. Ferrand.*

*Salisbury, N. C. March* 29, 1830.

☞ The National Intelligencer, Richmond Enquirer and Whig, will please give the above three weekly insertions, and forward their accounts to Dr. Ferrand, and they shall be immediately paid. 12

## Sunday School Books.

THE Sunday Schools can be supplied with all the publications of the American Sunday School Union, by application to the subscriber, at Salisbury. The books will be sold at the regular Philadelphia prices, as rated in the catalogue, without any extra charge for freight and carriage. JESSE BANKIN.

*April 6th*, 1830. 3t15

## Great Bargains in Lands.

THE subscriber offers for sale thirty or forty thousand acres of *Land*, situated in Ashe county, N. C. adjoining Burke county on the south, and the Tennessee line on the west and north. This land is surveyed off into tracts of from 800 to 1200 acres each, and the quality of each tract is certified to by the surveyor, who has made a plat of his survey which may be seen on application to Mr. White in Salisbury, Mr. C. C. Henderson of Lincolnton, Mr. Thos. J. Forney of Burke county, or to subscriber in Asheville, Buncombe county. A large portion of this land is as good as any in the State. *Lead* ore has been discovered on different parts of the survey; and *gold* has been found adjacent to it: the climate is the most healthy and delightful in the world; and at no very distant day, this mountain region of North Carolina must become the favorite part of the state; the land is well timbered, and finely watered. The tracts marked 1st quality will be sold at 75 cents per acre; 2d quality, at 50 cents; and 3d quality, 40 cents per acre. The payments may be made in four yearly instalments with interest until paid; and the subscriber will give bond to make title on payment of the [illegible] an opportunity for obtaining good and cheap farms, where [illegible] ed in this state. The title to the land is undisputable; warranty deeds will be given to purchasers. Application for further information, and for purchasing any part of these lands, can be made to Mr. White in Salisbury, Mr. C. C. Henderson in Lincolnton, Mr. Thos. J. Forney of Burke county, or to the subscriber.

JOHN BROWN.

*December 14th*, 1829. 100tf

N. B. The subscriber also offers about 90,000 acres of land in Buncombe and Haywood counties. Many of these lands contain some of the most valuable minerals in the Union. In a short time the subscriber will be prepared to *lease* some of these tracts to companies who might be disposed to work the valuable mines of iron, lead, silver, and gold, which they contain. He has already leased out some of the tracts, and has had fair offers for the sale of others. Any part of these lands will be sold, very low; and *warrantee* titles made to purchasers. *J. Brown.*

## Sale of Land for Taxes.

WILL be sold, for cash, at the court-house in Salisbury, on Mohday of Rowan county court, May sessions, 1830, (being 17th day of May next,) the following tracts of Land, or so much thereof as will satisfy the taxes due thereon for the year 1828, and all cost accruing....unless previously paid.

182 acres, given in by Andrew Ramsay;
36 do do do by Philip Sowers;
70 do do by David Waugh;
111 do do by Joseph Gibson;
170 do do by Catharine Leeser;
200 acres the property of Vincent Reed, not given in, lying in the Forks of the Yadkin, adjoining William Steelman and others;
700 acres, belonging to the Estate of Jno. F. Phifer, returned by said Phifer;
236 acres given in by Widow Todd, of James, adjoining Richard Lock and others.
200 acres, given in by John G. Chaffin, lying in the Forks, adjoining Widow Pelly and others;
533 acres, by Joshua Deever, adjoining N. Chaffin and others;
66 acres, by Coleman Jenkins, adjoining Jno. O'Brien and others;
200 acres, by Philip Swathlander, adjoining Thomas H. Garner and others.

F. SLATER, *Sh'f.*

*March* 23d, 1830. 6t17

*State of North Carolina, Iredell county:*

COURT of Pleas and quarter sessions, February term, 1830. Joel McNeely and James P. Knox, *vs.* the heirs at law of James Stewart, dec'd: Petition for partition of lands. In this case, it is ordered by the court that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, that Finlay Stewart and James Stewart appear at the next court to be held for the county of Iredell, at the court-house in Statesville, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday of March next, and answer the said petition, otherwise the petitioners will be heard exparte, and have judgment, as to them, pro confesso. Teste:

6t16 A. K. SIMONTON, *Clk.*

## Journeymen Cabinet Makers.

WANTED, one or two journeymen Cabinet Makers; to whom good wages and constant employment will be given.

HORATIO WOODSON.

*Salisbury, Feb. 26th*, 1830. 08

## New Cheap Store.
### CLAYLAND & TORRENCE.

R. M. CLAYLAND and A. TORRENCE, having formed a copartnership in the Mercantile Business, under the above firm, beg leave respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Salisbury and the surrounding country, that they have just returned from New-York and Philadelphia, with a beautiful assortment of

*New Style, Fancy and Staple*
**GOODS,**

which have been selected from the latest importations, and will be offered at a very small advance for *cash*. Purchasers are invited to call and view their assortment.

*Salisbury, April* 5, 1830. 14

## NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS.

THE subscriber is grateful for the liberal patronage hitherto received from the citizens of Salisbury and Rowan county; and takes this occasion to return his sincere thanks for the same. And he cherishes a hope, that by keeping a well selected and cheap assortment of *Goods*, to merit a continuance of the generous confidence of an enlightened community.

He is now receiving, direct from Philadelphia and New-York, a well selected and complete assortment of

*Fall and Winter GOODS,*

well adapted to this market, and purchased entirely for *cash*, which will enable him to sell *very cheap* for CASH, or on time to responsible customers. Among his stock, will be found a complete assortment of

*DRY GOODS,*
*Hard-Ware, Groceries,*
*Cutlery, Domestics, &c.*

Those who wish to purchase good and cheap Goods, will please call, examine, and judge for themselves.

*DANIEL H. CRESS.*

*Dec. 4th*, 1829. 97

N. B. The manufacturing of Stills and Tin Plate Ware, heretofore conducted by *Edward Cress*, will hereafter be carried on by the subscriber: who will keep constantly on hand, or manufacture to order,

*Stills, and Tin Plate Ware,*

made of the best materials, and in the most substantial and fashionable style of workmanship; and hopes, by a strict attention to this branch of business, to merit the patronage of the public.

*D. H. CRESS.*

## Carriage Making.

THE subscriber having purchased the establishment of Mr. Miles Hill, in the town of Charlotte, N. C. is prepared to carry on the *Coach* and *Gig Making Business* in all its various branches. Having procured the best kind of materials, and having good workmen in his employ, he will make to order, as well as keep on hand, all descriptions of Coaches, Gigs, Carriages, Stages, Barouches, Carry-Alls &c. His prices shall be very low, [illegible] or a reasonable indulgence [illegible] extended to responsible customers. All orders for work from a distance, [illegible] ly attended to. *Repairs* of all kinds, will be done on short notice, and reasonable terms.

DANIEL BUTTON.

*Charlotte, N. C. Dec.* 23d, 1829. 99

## Ewart's Hotel,
### COLUMBIA, S. CAROLINA.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has opened that large and commodious HOUSE formerly known by the name of

*CLARK'S HOTEL,*

On the first day of January next. Its central situation and contiguity to the Court House, render it as desirable a location for Gentlemen who may visit Columbia on business or pleasure, as any other in the place. Those who may feel disposed to patronize this Establishment, may depend that no efforts shall be wanting to render their situation satisfactory and comfortable.

The materials are now in a state of readiness to arrange Parlours and Private Apartments for Ladies and Families. SAMUEL EWART.

*March*, 1930. 3mt22

## Catawba Springs.

THE subscriber, intending to move from this part of the State, offers for sale the above establishment, with or without the furniture: there is attached to this, 6 or 700 acres of Land, a part of which is in excellent farming order, prime Meadows, Orchard, &c. Negroes would be received in payment; and the condition, besides, will be liberal.

If the above establishment is not sold by the first of May next, it may be rented for one or more years.

From the increasing custom for the last three years, during the summer months, the place, if properly attended to, may be rendered as profitable as any establishment of a similar kind in the State. 99 CHARLES JUGNOT.

*Beatieford, Lincoln county, Dec.* 7, 1829.

## Five Dollars Reward.
*STRAYED*

FROM the subscriber, on the 24th ult. a bay MARE, 6 or 7 years old, good size, slim built, blind in one eye, a little hip-shot, both hind legs white, and a thin short mane. Any person taking her up, and delivering her to the subscriber, 7 miles below Salisbury, near the Skeen's Ferry road; or giving information where she may be had, shall receive the above rewarded for their trouble.

JOHN EARNHARDT.

*April* 3d, 1830. 3t15

## John F. Phifer's Estate.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of John F. Phifer, deceased, either for property purchased at the sale of said deceased, or otherwise, are called upon to make payment by April court, or they may expect to find their notes and accounts in the hands of an officer for collection; and all persons having claims against said estate, will present them in due form, or they will be barred recovery by the statute.

ROBERT McKENZIE, *Administrator.*

*Cabarrus co'y. March* 15, 1830. 3t16

## A Neat Dwelling,
*In the Town of Salisbury, for sale.*

THIS property is pleasantly situated in the most agreeable part of the town, and is very suitable for a small family. The lot is spacious, and contains a very good garden, with much fine shrubbery. The terms can be made easy, as the most of the purchase money can be paid by note in the Bank, on the usual terms of accommodation. Persons wishing to purchase, can apply to Mr. S. Klumong, or to David F. Caldwell, Esq. (who is authorised to make title,) and the terms can be known. H. C. JONES.

*Feb'y.* 20th, 1830. 08

## Hampton & Palmer.

HAVE formed a copartnership, as *Watch and Clock Makers, Silversmiths and Jewellers*, for the purpose of carrying on the business, in all its various branches, in the town of Salisbury. They occupy the *New Shop*, built by James B. Hampton, adjoining his dwelling—on Maine street, 6 or 7 doors south of the Court-House.

They will carefully Repair *all kinds* of Watches, Clocks, and Time-Pieces, and warrant them to perform well: And are prepared to manufacture, and will keep on hand for sale, all descriptions of Silver Ware, such as Spoons, Ladles, Sugar Tongs, &c. Work sent from a distance will be promptly executed, and safely returned according to directions.

A good assortment of JEWELRY will be kept constantly on hand, and sold low for cash.

JAMES B. HAMPTON,
JOHN C. PALMER.

*Salisbury, April 2d*, 1830. 13

James B. Hampton tenders his grateful acknowledgements to the public, for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to himself individually; and respectfully asks a continuance of it to the firm of which he is a partner. N. B. Those indebted to him, are earnestly desired to liquidate their accounts as soon as possible; as his new arrangement makes it necessary that scores should be settled up.

## Windsor Chair & Bed-Stead
### MAKING.

THE subscriber very respectfully informs the public, that he has, and will continue to keep on hand, a large supply of high, half-high, and low

*BED-STEADS,*

inferior to none in this country. Also, he intends to keep on hand, a full supply of elegant well made

*Windsor Chairs, Settees, &c.*

warranted to be of good timber and well made. The subscriber will shortly have

*SIDEBOARDS & BUREAUS.*

Orders from a distance will meet with punctual attention; and all kind of *Repairs*, in his line, will meet with due attendance.

His terms will be accommodating. Country produce will be taken in part pay for work.

The subscriber returns his acknowledgements for the liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and hopes to merit a continuance of public patronage. WM. R. HUGHES.

*Salisbury, April* 2d, 1830. 13

[illegible] siness: a good workman will meet with constant employ, and liberal wages.

## Boot and Shoe Making.

THOMAS MULL, Jn. having just received a fresh and extensive assortment of all descriptions of Northern LEATHER and *Materials*, of the best quality; and having in his employ from 10 to 15 Journeymen, some of whom are equal if not superior to any workmen in the United States;—he therefore feels warranted in asserting, that he is able to execute every description of work in his line of business, equal, as to style, neatness and durability, to any thing of the kind in the Union.

Having engaged Mr. EBENEZER DICKSON, as Foreman, that gentleman will, *at all times*, be found in attendance at my Shop, (which is on Main street, three doors south of the Court House, and adjoining the Post-Office) to receive orders, deliver work, give receipts for moneys paid, and generally to accommodate all who may patronize the Establishment.

From my extensive arrangements in business, I am enabled to give long indulgencies to responsible dealers.

Grateful for the liberal patronage hitherto received, I shall use every endeavor to merit a continuance of the public favor.

Orders for Boots or Shoes, sent from a distance, shall be promptly executed, and the work sent as per order,

*Salisbury, April* 2d, 1830. 13

*To Journeymen Shoemakers.*

Wanted, two first rate workmen, at Ladies' Shoes and Pumps; to whom good wages, and constant employment, will be given, on application as above. T. MULL, Jn.

*North-Carolina, Iredell county:*

PURSUANT to an Order of the court of Equity, made at Fall Term, 1829, I will, as Clerk and Master for the county of Iredell, sell on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, at the Court-House in Statesville, the LOTS in said village, known by the name of the Irwin lots, on a credit, to be made known on the day of sale. This sale having been postponed from the Monday and Tuesday of Feb'y, sessions last, will, without fail, be made on the said Monday of the Superior Court, held for the county of Iredell. 7t15

Witness, JOHN MUSHAT, *C. M. E.*

*State of North Carolina, Davidson county:*

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Feb'y. term, 1830. Joel Davis, and Elizabeth Davis widow and relict of Thos. Davis, dec'd. by her next friend, Samuel Harris; *vs.* John Davis, Evan Davis, James Davis, Sally Douthet, and the children and heirs at law of Nancy Brumfield, dec'd: Petition for partition. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants, James Davis, and the children and heirs at law of Nancy Brumfield, dec'd. are not inhabitants of this state; therefore, ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, that unless they be and appear before the Justices of our next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for Davidson county, at the court-house in Lexington, on the 2d Monday in May next, and plead, answer, or demur, the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard exparte. 6t17

Test: D. MOCK, *c. c. c.*

## Morganton Hotel.

THE subscriber having leased the extensive Buildings in the Town of Morganton, N. Carolina, formerly occupied by *David Tate*, as a TAVERN, has opened a *House of Entertainment*, prepared for the reception of Boarders and Travellers. His Table shall be furnished with the best the country affords; his Granaries are filled, and his Stables are attended with attentive and honest Hostlers; and, by his unremitted attention to his busines, he hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage. J. B. BOUCHELL.

*Morganton, Feb. 6th*, 1830. 3mt18

## LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salisbury, N. Carolina, on the 1st day of April, 1830.

| | |
|---|---|
| Michael Albright | Thos. Holme |
| Peter Albright | John Holsouser |
| William E. Anderson | Thos. C. Jones |
| Reuben Ary | E. W. Johnston |
| Conrad Beacherer | Purmile Jones |
| Elias Barber | Sam'l. Jeter |
| Robert Bradshaw | Ross Justice |
| William Braden | Umphrey Jones |
| Sarah Butler | James E. Kerr 3 |
| Hiram Burtright | Jacob Kurts |
| William Buford | Mary Cartwright |
| Jacob Baker | Geo. Locke of Iredell |
| Thomas Brown | Chas. F. Leopard |
| Thomas Bathe | Christian Leopard |
| Peggy Brown | Jacob Link |
| James Bine | E. C. Locke |
| Harriet Bassett | Robert Love |
| Elizabeth Bradway | Alexdr. Locke 2 |
| Susan F. Cowan | Alexdr. Murchison |
| Nathan Chaffin | James Madison |
| Clerk Supr. Court 2 | James Mumford |
| Ransom Cook | James Meginpsey |
| Love Campbell or John Canup | James Mckenzie |
| William Cousins | Saml. Miller |
| Thomas Chaffin | Jacob March |
| Ephraim Davidson | Caty Neely |
| Schmael Candle | Nancy Owens |
| James Dunn | James Owens |
| Rev. Jno. Dickson | Henry C. Owens |
| Mary Dent | Henry S. Parkman 4 |
| Thomas Davis | Joseph Pence |
| David Deland | David L. Pool |
| David Eaton | Louisa M. Pinkston |
| William Eaton | Joanna Park |
| Theodrick Edwards | Jacob Pool |
| Anderson Ellis | William Pinkston |
| Philip Eddleman | Henry or David Peck |
| William Sultry | John A. Roseberry |
| Thomas Foster | Jacob Riblen |
| Sec'y. Fulton Lodge | Jesse Robinson |
| John Gardner | George Robinson |
| Albert R. Garnett | Ann C. Robinson |
| John Grubb | John Smitheel |
| John L. Graham | John H. Swink |
| Jane Garrison | Wm. L. Simonton |
| John Gamble | Wm. P. Stockdon |
| Christopher Graham | John W. Smith |
| John C. Hawkins | James Smith |
| James Hamilton | Susanna Swink |
| Isaac A. Hall | William Stoker |
| [illegible] | Henry Swink |
| Leroy Hightower | Henry A. Swink |
| Mathew Howard 2 | Jacob G. Smoot |
| Joseph Hall | Johno. P. Sneed |
| Thomas Hall | William Stoner |
| John Hall 2 | Thomas Turner |
| Billy D. Harlen 2 | Elizabeth Travis |
| Daniel Hess | Henry Trexler |
| | William Taylor 2 |
| | [illegible] |
| | Augustin Willis |
| | Wm. B. Wilson 2 |
| | Michael G. Walk |
| | William Walton |
| | Horatio Woodson |
| | Margaret Wilhero |
| | Daniel Webb. |

3t15 SAMUEL REEVES, *P. M.*

## LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Concord, N. Carolina, on the 1st day of April, 1830.

| | |
|---|---|
| Miss Martha Alexander | George Little |
| Henry Allen | Wm. Lowden |
| John Bost | Wolery Ming |
| Jacob Barringer | Christopher Melchor |
| Mrs. Ann Baird | James Macaleba |
| Catharine Brem | James Misenhamor |
| Catharine Brown | James W. Morgan |
| Benjamin Brown | John S. Macaleba |
| John I. Bost | Ann G. Merrin 2 |
| John Barringer | Robert S. Macurday |
| Alfred Caine 2 | Wm. F. Miller |
| Joseph Crawford | Hugh S. Macaleps |
| Wm. Collins | David Machure |
| Solomon Cline | Jacob Misenhamer |
| Stephen R. Disbrow 2 | Joseph Mahaffy |
| Elijah Davis | Wm. Maclarty |
| James N. Davis | Jno. B. Moss |
| Wm. A. Dunlap | Archibald Macbride |
| James Eagle | John Nine |
| Jacob File | Francis G. Newell |
| Henry Furr | John Polk |
| Philip File | Wm. Petre |
| Robert Franklin | Robert T. Plunket |
| Henry S. Gorman | Marcus E. Reese |
| Jacob Goodman | George Richey |
| Francis Glass | Auther Stafford 2 |
| Wm. G. Harris | John Shore |
| John H. Hunt | Michael Satrel |
| Wm. Houston | Elizabeth Skillington |
| Jacob Hileman | George D. Stewart |
| Jacob House | Henry Shoe |
| C. W. Harris | R. Steenbergh |
| Greenbury Holbrook | Franklin Stafford |
| Joshua Harris | Elias Snell |
| Samuel Irwin | Shadrack Sutton |
| Mrs. Uriah Jones | Alex. H. Stanley |
| Laird Kirkpatrick | Thos. Todd. |
| John Knows | |

3t16 D. STORKE, *P. M.*

## Was Committed

TO the Jail of Rowan county, on the 3d inst. a *negro man*, who says his name is *Claborn*, and belongs to John Griffith, of Chesterfield District, S. C.; that he left home about the 1st March last: He is of common size, 35 or 40 years old, light complected, though not a mulatto: the owner is required to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

F. SLATER, *Sh'f.*

*April 6th*, 1830. 14

## WAGONERS,
*Driving to Fayetteville,*

WILL find it to their advantage, to stop at the *Wagon Yard*, where every convenience is provided for Man and Horse, to make them comfortable, at the moderate charge of 25 cents a day and night, for the privilege of the Yard, the use of a good house, fire, water, and shelter. Attached to the Yard, are a Grocery and Provision Store, Bread Shop and Confectionary, and a House for Boarders and Lodgers, in a plain, cheap, wholesome and comfortable style.—*Fayetteville, April*, 1st 1828. 11

## VARIETY.

*Laughter.*—There may be [illegible] modes of weeping, said our [illegible] but mankind have always [illegible] same way. We deny it. [illegible] laughed in a variety of ways [illegible] night at the new farce. One [illegible] dropped his head into the [illegible] his hands, and laughed until [illegible] on which he sat quivered under [illegible] another laughed in a little [illegible] spasm, that shot over his [illegible] features like a painful commotion [illegible] from the stomach; a third [illegible] under his upper jaw, as if he would suffocate the joy in his throat; [illegible] a fourth, ever and anon, heaved [illegible] wards and forwards, wriggling [illegible] bill in his hand, and uttering [illegible] like the squeals of a pea-hen. [illegible] were not abundant diversities in [illegible] expressions of comicality, we could refer to a fifth illustration, in the [illegible] son of a fat men, who got up [illegible] corner to laugh unobserved, and [illegible] evade the too broad effect of the [illegible] humor, which seemed to give [illegible] him when he sat in the front [illegible] the box; this lone individual [illegible] edly wiped his forehead, which [illegible] bald; giggling like a child; [illegible] folded his arms to rest them, [illegible] pressed his hands on his sides, [illegible] dried his eyes, for his tears fell [illegible] tinuously, and finally sat down [illegible] breath. All the philosophy in [illegible] land could not harmonize the [illegible] man's laughter to that of any [illegible] person: it would be cruel to [illegible] it.

*The News.*—The following [illegible] serve as a hint to those cozening [illegible] ticians, who are so dreadfully [illegible] with the 'dear people, the sweet [illegible] ple, the loving people, the [illegible] people:'

'How is all your family, [illegible] How are Mrs. Clod and the [illegible] ones?' said Mr. Quintam to a [illegible] bour employed in mending [illegible] road.—'Pretty well, I [illegible] said John. 'I am glad of it,' [illegible] other; 'What news, John?' [illegible] I guess we shall have an election [illegible] ty soon,' replied John. 'Why?' [illegible] 'Because you are so glad Mr. [illegible] and the little ones are well,' [illegible] the labourer, with a shrewd [illegible] told the lawyer he had better

*Conjugal Affection.*—A [illegible] lish paper states that an old [illegible] recently died at Clough, in the [illegible] of Fermanagh; the next [illegible] funeral, his wife, who was [illegible] of age, was so overpowered [illegible] that she suddenly expired.

*Alabama.....Another Murder.*—On [illegible] day the 27th ult. at Washington, [illegible] county, a young man by the name of [illegible] ry Augustin, shot Mr. George G. [illegible] shanks through the head with a pistol, which he immediately died. [illegible] was arrested, and was confined in the [illegible] of that county.

We have just understood that a writ of *habeas corpus* had been issued by the [illegible] of the circuit court, to bring Augustin before the court now in session here, under that an effort might be made by his counsel to have him released from confinement, on bail; and when the jailor of Autauga county was on his way with the prisoner to this place, he was attacked on the highway by Gen. Thomas Watkins and Thomas Augustin, brother of the prisoner, who forcibly rescued him from his custody. In the conflict, the brave Jailor was shot down, and the prisoner made his escape. *Planter's Gazette.*

A horse was sold in Philadelphia on Saturday for 580 dollars, and as a boy was riding him home, he became restive, and the rider drew too strongly on the rein, the horse reared, and falling over backward, struck his head against the curb stone, by which the noble animal was almost instantly killed.

*Notions of Beauty.*.....Parke, in his Travels in Africa, informs us, that a white skin, a prominent nose, were [illegible] admired by the sable beauties of Bambarra. "They rallied me," says the traveller, "upon the whiteness of my skin, and the prominency of my nose," &c.

A young man at Brussels, recently shot himself thro' the head in consequence of having received a blow from his father with a Ball in presence of the company.

The leaves of the yew tree, when eaten in any considerable quantity by sheep or cows, are said to be poisonous; yet goats can browse on them with impunity.

AN ACROSTIC.

By human wrongs, by sorrow when opprest,
In thee the soul shall dwell, and dwell in rest:
By thee dispelled, no anxious care can stay,
Love, heavenly love, shall mark the blissful day.
Eternal sunshine and eternal joy. C. L. E.